

GLENN IS CONFIDENT

Believes State Will Win in Rate Fight.

WILL GO TO SUPREME COURT

North Carolina Executive Declares the South is Adding to the Wealth of the Country at the Rate of \$7,300,000 a Day—People Not Interested in Politics, He Declares.

"I have every confidence that the contentions of the State of North Carolina will be upheld by the Supreme Court of the United States."

Gov. R. B. Glenn, of North Carolina, whose railroad fight in the Tar Heel State attracted national attention, gave utterance to the above expression last night. The governor is on his way to Atlantic City for a few days rest. The victory won by him in the preliminary stages of the North Carolina rate controversy causes the governor to feel that the highest court in the land will sustain his position.

The present hearing, under Judge Montgomery, the governor expects to continue for at least six weeks. By the first of the year, however, he hopes the case will be before the Supreme Court, where, if advanced in accordance with the motion which will then be made, a decision may be rendered before the end of the term.

"We feel," said Gov. Glenn, "that the two and one-quarter cents rate will give the railroad 8 or 10 per cent. The legislature based the rate upon the sworn report of the railroad 8 or 10 per cent. The legislature at our request, and the unfortunate part of it, for the railroad, is that they now declare this sworn report is inaccurate."

Should Have Compromised.

"The railroad could have compromised with the legislature on a 24-cent rate, but instead of doing this they took a step in the opposite direction and tried to get the rate increased one-quarter of a cent. The action of the railroad in opposing the putting into effect of the rate naturally angered the people throughout the State. This sentiment is even manifested in the temper of juries sitting in damage cases. In several instances recently verdicts have been brought in giving plaintiffs amounts in excess of what was formerly allowed. The railroad's defiance of the act of the legislature was undoubtedly a blunder."

"In North Carolina," continued the governor, "we have a dearth of politics and a veritable cornucopia of business. The South is adding to the wealth of the country at the rate of \$7,300,000 a day. Naturally, therefore, there are things other than politics to engross our attention. We hear a great deal about Bryan and Folk as Democratic Presidential nominees, and a little about Chandler. It is ten months before the convention, and somewhat idle to speculate upon the nominee at this time. What is even more true may be said of the Presidential election next year. The Democratic situation is by no means hopeless."

Time for a Change.

"Who thought in 1891 that Cleveland would be elected the following year? But he was. Many demands of course, upon the Republican party. They may nominate a man obnoxious to a strong element of the party. In addition, it is only a matter of time before the people of the country demand a change and it is as liable to come next year as five years from now."

"As for a Southern candidate for the Presidency," concluded the governor, "I doubt the advisability of it," and the governor added, in a semi-jocular vein: "Perhaps we may win an election one of these days with a Southern man the candidate for Vice President. The President might die and he would succeed to the office. The administration he would lead the people would forever set at rest all prejudice, and bring about an era of good feeling not even paralleled by that under Polk, himself a Southerner."

Gov. Glenn said his physical condition is such that he must have a rest, because of the amount of work he has had to shoulder during the rate fight. He is probably harder worked than any governor in the union, for the reason that his position carries with it the necessity for being the head of nearly every public department in the State. Among other things, he has a number of experts at work gathering data for the rate hearing now in progress here, and he believes North Carolina's action will materially aid the progress of the rate fight all over the country.

WATCH FOR WHOOPING COUGH.

Parents Warned to Take Special Care of Children.

Whooping cough, according to the weekly mortality report of the health department, has increased to the extent of two cases during the week. Warning is issued to mothers regarding this disease and measles, both of which have prevailed to an abnormal extent. Reference is made to the last weekly report, when a comparison of these two diseases was shown with diphtheria, smallpox, and scarlet fever, showing that the two diseases named were of a serious character, and owing to the mortality resulting from them, they should receive every attention of parents, so that children having contracted them may have careful nursing during the illness.

There were seven cases of whooping cough reported during the week, and five deaths, leaving a total of sixty-two cases under treatment. There has been a decrease in measles, twenty-five cases being under treatment.

Although comparing favorably with last year, a slight increase is shown in typhoid fever conditions. There were three deaths from the disease, twenty-four cases discharged as recovered, and forty-seven new cases reported, leaving 225 on hand at the close of the week, as compared with 209 the preceding week. There were 107 deaths during the week, the principal cause of mortality being consumption, 14.

Arrested on Forgery Charge.

Charged with having forged the name of Dr. Robert S. Lamb, of the Cecil apartments, to a check for \$4, Leo Merriweather, colored, eighteen years of age, was arrested yesterday by Detectives Barbee and Vermillion. The negro was formerly employed as an elevator boy at the apartments, and is said to have intercepted a letter addressed to the physician and taken the check. The police claim that he forged the name and afterward cashed the check at a grocery store.

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ON JAMESTOWN ISLAND.



CAPT. JOHN SMITH.

Statue Unveiled and Dedicated with Elaborate Ceremonies Yesterday.

The one personality which stands out above all others in the colonial settlement of 300 years ago, which is being celebrated by the Jamestown Exposition this year, is Capt. John Smith.

So little is really known of him that he is almost a mythological character, and yet history has so indelibly associated him with the pretty little story of Pocahontas that all will remember this daring colonialist as long as they remember

the early history of the United States. The Virginia State Society for the Preservation of Antiquities some time ago commissioned the Gorham Company to cast a heroic statue of Capt. John Smith, and this was unveiled and dedicated with great ceremony on Jamestown Island yesterday. The governor of Virginia and staff and many prominent officers of the army and navy took part in the ceremonies.

ICE CONCERNS FACE TRIAL

Cases in District Courts Come Up This Fall.

Letters of Trust President Just Unearthed Point to Absolute Control Here.

Revelations of the grip the ice trust has on conditions in this, as well as other cities throughout the East, which have been brought to light in New York in the past few days, will be utilized by the district attorney's office here in the prosecution of the local cases against the trust. Several indictments are pending and the cases will probably be brought to trial at the coming session of the District Supreme Court in October. Many of the books and papers unearthed in the New York investigation apply to conditions here, and the local authorities will ask for their use as evidence in pending cases.

The local grand jury came to the conclusion more than a year ago that the American Ice Company and Chapin & Sacks were violating the Sherman anti-trust law. July 12, 1906, the grand jury indicted these two concerns for an alleged violation of this law.

The indictment alleged that the two companies, through their respective officials, agreed on April 30, 1906, to charge the same price for ice sold to retail dealers, with a view to destroying competition; that they should not sell ice to dealers who should thereafter sell ice at retail at less than 40 cents per hundred pounds, or less than 25 cents per hundred pounds at wholesale, and that this contract was made by the concerns for the purpose of preventing and destroying competition. By this contract, it was further alleged, the companies restrained the business of their respective corporations, and also the dealers of the District of Columbia.

Second Charge Made.

Additional indictments were returned by the grand jury October 1, 1906, against the same concerns, again alleging violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, and also preferring a charge of conspiracy to commit an offense against the United States.

To the first indictment the accused on July 29, 1906, entered a plea of not guilty, and their bond was fixed at \$2,000, to the second indictment they pleaded not guilty October 20, 1906.

Among the letters brought to light by the New York authorities, in their investigation, is one from President Wesley M. Oler, of the American Ice Company, to Reuben W. Hopkins, president of the Boston Ice Company, dated December 2, 1905, in which Mr. Oler informs Mr. Hopkins that the company practically controls the Washington ice situation, prices, supply, and everything else having any connection with the frozen article. Efforts will undoubtedly be made by the district attorney's office to secure this letter for use as evidence in the local cases.

Neither Mr. Sacks nor Mr. Chapin were at home last night when called upon by a reporter for The Washington Herald for the purpose of securing their views on the subject.

Held for Schmidt's Death.

By the decision of the corner's jury following the inquest over the remains of Frederick Schmidt, who died at the Casualty Hospital on Sunday from a cerebral hemorrhage, William Walker, colored, will be held for the action of the grand jury.

It was shown that Schmidt had been knocked from a bench by the negro during a dispute Tuesday morning of last week.

TO ISSUE BULLETIN

Citizens of Southeast Adopt Progressive Methods.

WILL VOICE THEIR NEEDS

Indorse Plan to Have the Potomac Channel Deepened Instead of Being Made Wider—Candidates of Lemuel Fugitt for Justice of the Peace is Indorsed by the Association.

The Southeast Citizens' Association, the "baby" organization of the District, last night celebrated the fourth month of its existence at Washington Hall, Third street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast, and, incidentally, transacted a good volume of business relating to the general improvement of the southeast section of the city. A. C. Herman presided and Harry E. Gladman performed the duties of secretary.

One of the principal announcements of the evening was that the association now has 109 members, 14 of whom were elected to membership last night.

It is the boast of the Southeast Washington Citizens' Association that it is not bound to follow in the tracks of its predecessors, but is ready to adopt any and all innovations that promise well for the progress and welfare of the portion of the city bounded by East Capitol street and the James Creek Canal. One of the innovations which the association has accepted is the publication of a bulletin, which will be the official organ of the body. It will appear semi-monthly, as soon as possible after each meeting. It will contain matters of special interest to the association and of special application to Southeast Washington.

Publicity an Aid to Progress.

The plea of the promoters of the bulletin is that one of the chief powers of progress is publicity, and they propose to put into cold type the proceedings of the association to voice the needs of the southeast, and scatter it broadcast among the people of that part of the city, in the expectation of arousing and feeding a healthy public sentiment toward betterment of conditions there.

The bulletin will be under the personal supervision of the secretary and several members of the executive committee of the association. Considerable routine work was done last night in the way of filling vacancies in the standing committees and placing the body on a strong working basis for the fall campaign. After the appointment of the several committees, Mr. Gould, of the Merchants and Mechanics' Savings Bank, offered the rooms of the bank gratis as a meeting place for the committee of the association. The offer was accepted.

William R. Luckett, a Potomac pilot, read a letter which he had written to the board of engineers in charge of river and harbor improvements, with special reference to the improvement of the Potomac channel. The engineers have recommended that the channel, which is now 300 feet wide and 24 feet deep, be widened to 400 feet, with a depth of 34 feet. Mr. Luckett suggested in his letter that the channel be allowed to remain at the width of 300 feet and deepened to an average depth of 28 feet, to accommodate all deep-draft vessels.

This letter received the indorsement of the association.

The candidacy of Lemuel Fugitt, for justice of the peace, to fill the vacancy due to the death of Judge Lewis O'Neal, was indorsed by vote of the association, and a committee was appointed, consisting of J. R. Adams, chairman; H. C. Emrich, Ezra Gould, and H. K. Dougherty, to call upon the Attorney General and urge the claims of Mr. Fugitt for appointment.

A committee was also appointed, consisting of B. Siebold, Charles R. McKey, and H. C. Emrich to confer with the East Washington Citizens' Association with a view to co-operation in the way of improvements in East Washington.

Committee on Charity.

Ledru R. Miller presented a proposition that the association should appoint a committee on charity, for the purpose of administering help to worthy poor in the southeast part of the city.

It was announced at the close of the meeting that H. C. Emrich had won the prize of \$1,000 fire insurance in the Northwestern National Insurance Company of Milwaukee for bringing in the largest number of members during the month of August. The policy was donated by Harry E. Goldman, agent for the company.

The following were elected to membership last night: John V. Schmitt, Capt. James A. Mulholland, John B. Zeller, L. R. Miller, L. W. Bauer, Allan Davis, A. B. Larkin, George P. Bohrer, J. H. Matthews, Thomas B. Ditcher, George Hayes, A. E. Powell, H. A. Calahan, and E. P. Hazleton.

COURT TO EXAMINE BOOKS.

Southern Railway Ordered to Produce Its Records.

Following the informal announcement of his probable ruling on the motion of the attorneys for the State of North Carolina for permission to examine the books of the Southern Railway, Special Master Montgomery, in the North Carolina rate hearing, yesterday formally overruled the motion in the form it was submitted. He directed Comptroller Plant, of the Southern, to bring the books into court next Wednesday, September 18, but they will remain in the custody of the comptroller, and be examined in the regular course of the hearing.

The attorneys for the State protested because they were not permitted to turn the physical possession of the books over to experts to be examined by the State. They also objected to the 15th instant as a date too early to allow time for the State to employ experts.

NEWS CUT SHORT FOR BUSY READERS.

Oak Camp, No. 4, Woodmen of the World, will hold their regular meeting this evening at 8 o'clock.

Howard Mann, cashier of the Home Life Insurance Company, reported to the police yesterday that an unknown white man, about thirty years of age, attempted to pass off a five-dollar counterfeit bill to him at the company's office.

The police are looking for the thief who entered the Hudson Building, at 506 F street, on Tuesday night and stole out of a pair of overalls, the property of Alex. Simms, a carpenter, and five gallons of turpentine, belonging to William France, a painter.

Leo T. Joliat, of Alliance, Ohio, who has been a guest at the Georgetown University for several days, reported to the police yesterday that he had lost a gold watch and chain, valued at \$60, somewhere between the college grounds and the Washington station.

Some striking developments in the government's prosecution of peonage practices is looked for in New York City. Assistant Attorney General Russell, who has charge of the investigation, has been summoned there. It is believed more Eastern employment agencies are to be prosecuted.

SAYS POETS ARE PROPHETS.

Youngstown Pastor, Under Charge of Heresy, Defends His Views, Youngstown, Ohio, Sept. 11.—Although expecting to be investigated by the coming conference in Cleveland on charges of heresy, Dr. C. W. Tinsley continues to preach doctrine to which other pastors of his church here object.

Dr. Tinsley declares that Emerson, Carlyle, and other poets and philosophers were prophets of God, just as were the prophets of old. Epworth Church is torn by a factional fight resulting from the bringing of charges against Tinsley by Rev. S. F. Wood, pastor of Epworth. At the quarterly conference no request was made for Wood's return. His friends now say the meeting was a "snafu" affair, and are calling another.

In Tinsley's "prophet" sermon he said, in part: "The old prophets were not so much foretellers as they were forthtellers; not predictors of future events as much as they were interpreters of God to men. There were specially rich periods when prophecy came to the fore, and the people knew when the message was poor, as they do to-day. They knew when the prophet's vision was not clear, and they felt that they were the losers because of it."

"Every generation has its seers. Carlyle, Ruskin, Browning, Tennyson, and Emerson were all real prophets of God. God has not ceased to speak to men. The grandest 'word of God' is never recorded in the beginning. It is first opposed and ridiculed, then finally accepted."

POSE AS HEALTH INSPECTORS.

Baltimore Police Give Warning of Two Clever Thieves.

The Baltimore police have warned the local authorities to be on the lookout for two fraudulent health inspectors who have been "working" that city, and who are said to have started this way.

Both of the men are about fifty years of age, and refined in appearance. They have been visiting houses in Baltimore under the pretext that they were city health inspectors and have robbed several of the places. In one instance they took \$100 from the drawer of a bureau while rummaging about a room and apparently making an examination of the plumbing. The police here have been given a good description of the men, and if they appear in this city, a determined effort will be made to apprehend them before they can do any harm.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

Washington, Wednesday, Sept. 11, 1907.—8 p. m. Showers were general in the Lake region, the East and South, and were particularly heavy in portions of Pennsylvania, a little over five inches having fallen at Harrisburg since Tuesday night. There were also showers in Montana and North Dakota. Elsewhere the weather was generally clear.

It is decidedly cooler in the Upper Ohio Valley and in the interior of the Middle Atlantic and northern portion of the South Atlantic States. Warmers in the Lower Ohio, Upper Mississippi, and the Missouri valleys, the Central West and the Southwest, and much cooler in the far Northwest.

The eastward movement of a cool, high pressure area over the British Northwest will probably be attended by light rains Thursday in the Northwestern States, including Minnesota and Nebraska, and by Thursday night or Friday in the Central Rocky Mountain region. No more precipitation of consequence is indicated during the next forty-eight hours east of the Rocky Mountains, except that local showers are probable Thursday in the northern portions of New England and New York.

It will be cooler Thursday in New England and the extreme Upper Mississippi Valley, Minnesota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and the Central Rocky Mountain region, and cooler Friday in the central and northern portions of the New England States. The winds along the New England coast will be fresh to brisk southwest to west; on the Middle Atlantic coast fresh west to northwest; on the South Atlantic coast light to fresh and variable; on the Gulf of Mexico coast light to fresh west to east; on the West Gulf coast light to fresh east to southeast; on the Lower Lakes fresh to brisk west to west-northwest, and on the Upper Lakes fresh west to northwest, becoming variable.

Westerly winds Thursday for European ports will have fresh to brisk northwest to west winds, with fair weather to the Grand Banks.

Local Temperatures.

Midnight, 74; 2 a. m., 72; 4 a. m., 74; 6 a. m., 74; 8 a. m., 75; 10 a. m., 76; 12 noon, 81; 2 p. m., 84; 4 p. m., 84; 6 p. m., 79; 8 p. m., 84; 10 p. m., 81; maximum, 81; minimum, 71. Relative humidity, a. m., 89; 2 p. m., 85; 8 p. m., 86. Rainfall (8 p. m. to 8 p. m.), 0.42. Hours of sunshine, 6.4. Per cent of possible sunshine, 45. Temperature same date last year—Maximum, 84; minimum, 71.

Tide Table.

Today—High tide, 8 a. m. and 11:23 p. m.; low tide, 3:14 a. m. and 5:13 p. m.

Tomorrow—High tide, 11:35 a. m.; low tide, 6:35 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Condition of the Water.

Special to The Washington Herald.

Harpers Ferry, W. Va., Sept. 11.—Both rivers muddy to-day.

Temperatures in Other Cities.

Temperatures in other cities, together with the amount of rainfall, for the twenty-four hours ended at 8 p. m., yesterday, are as follows:

City.	Max.	Min.	8 p. m.	Rain-fall.
Asheville, N. C.	70	56	60	0.18
Atlanta, Ga.	76	62	70	0.00
Atlanta City, Ga.	78	66	68	0.40
Bismarck, N. Dak.	72	62	66	0.00
Boston, Mass.	80	60	74	0.00
Buffalo, N. Y.	69	60	60	0.18
Chicago, Ill.	72	60	66	0.02
Cincinnati, Ohio.	72	58	66	0.00
Cleveland, Ohio.	82	66	74	0.00
Davenport, Iowa.	74	62	68	0.00
Denver, Colo.	86	68	80	0.00
Des Moines, Iowa.	78	64	72	0.00
Galveston, Texas.	80	68	76	0.00
Holmes, Mont.	80	70	76	0.00
Indianapolis, Ind.	78	60	66	0.00
Jacksonville, Fla.	90	74	78	0.00
Kansas City, Mo.	78	66	74	0.00
Little Rock, Ark.	80	74	78	0.00
Marquette, Mich.	56	32	58	0.28
Memphis, Tenn.	74	60	72	0.00
New Orleans, La.	82	68	80	0.00
New York, N. Y.	80	66	68	0.72
Omaha, Neb.	78	62	74	0.00
Pittsburg, Pa.	82	68	80	0.02
Salt Lake City, Utah.	88	58	80	0.00
St. Louis, Mo.	76	64	72	0.00
St. Paul, Minn.	74	50	72	0.00
Springfield, Ill.	74	60	72	0.00
Vicksburg, Miss.	78	68	72	0.00

Phone Main 3300 When You Return.

Subscribers returning from their summer home who desire to have their paper sent to their city address will please phone Main 3300.

By order of J. M. CARRINGTON, President.

FOLEY—On Monday, September 9, 1907, at 11:45 a. m., at 725 First street northwest, MARY A. wife of Bartholomew Foley and daughter of the late Don and Catherine Harrington.

Funeral from her late residence on Thursday, September 12, at 9 a. m. Requiem mass at St. Aloysius' Church.

By order of J. M. CARRINGTON, President.

FORD—Departed this life, Monday, September 9, 1907, at 4 p. m., after a long illness, Miss SARAH J. FORD.

Funeral will take place from her late residence, 82 F street northwest, Thursday, September 12, at 2 p. m.

LEONHARDT—On Monday, September 9, 1907, at Seattle, Wash., MAY A. widow of John P. Leonard.

Burial at Herndon, Va. Notice of funeral later.

QUICK—On Tuesday, September 10, 1907, at 11:30 a. m., at his residence, 130 R street northeast, ARTHUR QUICK.

Funeral on Thursday, September 12, at 3 p. m., from 130 R street northeast. Friends are invited. Interment at Glenwood Cemetery, Washington, D. C. (Topeka, Kans., and Winchester, Ind., papers please copy.)

STEWART—On Monday, September 9, 1907, at 1:30 p. m., at Garfield Hospital, Mrs. JULIA STEWART, of 1713 S street northwest.

Funeral from Fifth Baptist Church, on Thursday, September 12, at 2 p. m., Relatives and friends invited to attend.

SULLIVAN—On Tuesday, September 10, 1907, at 12:30 p. m., at his residence, 70 Massachusetts avenue northwest, JOHN L. SULLIVAN, beloved son of Mary and the late Jeremiah Sullivan.

Funeral will take place on Friday, September 13, Requiem mass at St. Aloysius' Church at 9 a. m. Friends and relatives respectfully invited to attend.

WESTERFIELD—On Tuesday, September 10, 1907, at 1:15 p. m., JAMES, beloved husband of Elizabeth J. Westerfield, aged eighty-three years.

Funeral Thursday, September 12, at 3 p. m., from his late residence, 1114 Twentieth street northwest. Interment in Glenwood Cemetery.

The private rooms in our new Fireproof Storage Building are thoroughly approved by the Fire Underwriters.

W. B. MOSES & SONS.
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13th Annual September FURNITURE SALE

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Makes one feel like furnishing the house all over again to see so many beautiful pieces going at such ridiculously low prices.

SEPT. FURNITURE SALE

This \$33.25

China Case

\$24.90

Golden Quartered Oak with full swell front. Very capacious.

W. B. MOSES & SONS, F Street, Cor. 11th.

October 8, 1907

Remember the Date

DIED.

ANDERSON—On Wednesday, September 11, 1907, at 12:35 p. m., FANNIE, widow of William F. Anderson and mother of Mrs. John King.

Funeral from her late residence, 405 Maryland avenue southeast, on Friday, September 13, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited to attend.

BROWN—On Wednesday, September 11, 1907, at 10:30 a. m., son of Clinton J. and Carrie M. Brown (nee Hageman), of 522 Four-and-a-half street southwest, aged three years and two months.

Funeral private.

CHASE—On Tuesday, September 10, 1907, at 9:30 p. m., HAROLD R., son of George and Eva Chase, of the Casualty Hospital, at 2 p. m.

Funeral service at the residence of his parents, Lanham, Md., Thursday, September 12, at 2:3